Colored Conventions Project Teaching Guide for College/AP

EXHIBIT:
What Did They Eat? Where Did They Stay?:
Black Boardinghouses and the Colored Conventions Movement

Prepared by Samantha de Vera in collaboration with P. Gabrielle Foreman
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This teaching guide can be taught in conjunction with Psyche Williams-Forson’s article “Where Did They Eat? Where Did They Stay?: Interpreting Material Culture of Black Women’s Domesticity in the Context of the Colored Conventions,” which appears in the volume The Colored Conventions Movement: Black Organizing in the Nineteenth Century (2021), edited by P. Gabrielle Foreman, Jim Casey, and Sarah Lynn Paterson, published by the University of North Carolina Press. For more information on the contents of the volume and where to find it, click here.

“What Did They Eat? Where Did They Stay?: Black Boardinghouses and the Colored Conventions Movement,” curated by Anna Lacy, Jenn Briggs, and Psyche Williams-Forson, University of Maryland (link)

Questions:

1. This exhibit looks at the concrete needs, the housing and food, that are needed for a city or neighborhood to host a convention. It asks “why is so much of that labor hidden?” How do digital tools help us make this hidden labor visible—especially the work performed by Black women?

2. This exhibit includes a map of boardinghouse advertisements—where they appeared, how they were worded, and who posted them. What do these ads tell us about the community in which conventions were held? Why is it important to look at these advertisements together?

3. This exhibit’s Inside the Boardinghouse storymap visualizes what a boarding house might have looked like in the nineteenth century and indicates what each room would have been used for. Why is it important to explore and analyze the spaces that Black activists occupied? What is the role of food in these spaces?

4. In the essay on which this exhibit is based, Psyche Williams-Forson explores how objects and things can influence people’s expectations, actions, and behavior within a given space without being noticed. She asserts that providing food and lodging allowed Black women to participate in the Colored Conventions. In her essay, Gabrielle Foreman argues that providing housing and food is building activist

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infrastructures. Although most women were not explicitly acknowledged in convention minutes, what questions must we ask to trace and document their participation? What new insights can we glean by looking at how what often is considered domestic labor can be seen as movement building?

5. While Underground Railroad conductor, businessman, and activist William Still has been written about by many historians, this exhibit turns our attention away from him to acknowledge his wife Letitia Still’s life and work. The exhibit page The Still Family in Philadelphia centers Letitia Still as a businesswoman, activist, and organizer in her own right. How does privileging the domestic and public work of Black women such as Letitia Still destabilize common assumptions about nineteenth-century Black organizing being a male arena?

6. Black material culture—the studies of objects as purveyors of culture, identity and cultural and intimate relationships—is often overlooked when it comes to documents that only highlight people’s declarations and words. How does this exhibit turn our attention to the importance of Black material culture? What and who goes unexamined if we take issues of Black political culture off table?

7. Write a paragraph to a page outlining what you think this exhibit does best. If you wanted to extend the analysis of Black women’s work in the conventions, what would you add, center, or develop?

8. CLASS ACTIVITY: If your class were to create/hold a convention today, what issues would be its focus? Write a convention call that outlines the convention’s objectives, urgent issues at hand, and the active measures delegates and attendees would need to consider, discuss, and plan. Write a comprehensive call and brief version of it (see examples here and here). Prepare to address the following questions:
   a. How would your convention be organized?
   b. What organizations and which leaders would be invited? Who are the non-famous people who would need to be there and from what communities/entities would they draw? Consider how an unprecedented number of Black women participated in the 1854 Emigration Convention and how their presence informed the issues that were discussed and the resolutions that were passed.
   c. What objectives do you think most attendees would agree on?
   d. What major differences in approaches do you think delegates might have?
   e. How do you think it would be covered by the press?

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Suggested Readings:


